MUSTO WINE GRAPE CO. LLC.

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Feb 18 / FREE

2018 Southern Hemipshere Harvest

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Musto Wine Grape Company LLC.

Bringing you the most up to date harvest information!



SOUTHERN HEMISPHERE 2017 HARVEST: CHILE

Harvest Information:

The Chilean harvest is starting soon. Verasion, or as the Chileans call it, "Enverno," began in some wine grape varieties around January 25th and most of the grapes are currently around 15 Brix. We should be seeing white grapes start to arrive around the last week in April, and red grapes start to arrive around the second or third week in May. We will be sourcing grapes from Curcio and Colchagua valleys this year.

Harvest Information:

The crop this year looks to be of normal tonnage, but with a tighter marketplace developing around Chilean wines, grapes are tighter than previous years. Additionally, the growing season was a bit cooler than normal and harvest is expected to be about 10 days behind last year. This year's growing season should produce some intense and complex wines.

Curico Valley:

The Curico Valley, known as the "Heart of the Chilean wine industry," and will produce some intense grapes this year. One of the steps that were put into place when cultivating this year's crop was the pruning the vines later in order to delay the plants from maturing. Our growers started pruning Chardonnay around October 1st and Cabernet Sauvignon around September 20th. This was done to help reduce the risks associated with seasonal frosts and this tactic definitely paid off as the grapes look excellent

Colchagua Valley:

The Colchagua Valley is known for hearty red wines, such as Carménère, Cabernet Sauvignon, Cabernet Franc, and Syrah. It is located 100 miles south of Santiago, and is an ideal growing region for bold grapes. It is a little cooler than Curico Valley, but it still remains a Mediterranean climate. Colchagua is a great place for growing intense wine grapes that make complex and palate pleasing wines.

YEAST SUGGESTIONS:

o Cabernet: *CSM* - Diminishes vegetal character and brings out fruitier characteristics. Works with grapes 22Brix and up.

o Malbec: *D254*: Brings out bright fruit flavors and complexity such as berry, plum, and mild spice.

o Carmenere: *D254*: Brings out bright fruit flavors and complexity such as berry, plum, and mild spice or *BDX*: Promotes soft tannins, secures color, and ferments at low heat.

o Chardonnay: *QA23*: Promotes apple and pear notes or *VIN13*: Heightens pineapple and tropical notes

o Sauvignon Blanc: *R2*: Promotes fruity and floral notes or *71B*: Brings out grapefruit notes and other tropical fruits or *QA23*: Promotes apple and pear notes or *VIN13*: Heightens pineapple and tropical notes

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SOUTHERN HEMISPHERE 2017 HARVEST: CHILE

Grapes Available from Chile:

Carmenere,
Cabernet Sauvignon
Cabernet Franc
Malbec
Merlot
Petite Verdot,
Pinot Noir
Syrah,

Chardonnay Pinot Grigio Sauvignon Blanc

Viognier

Juices Available from Chile:

Carmenere
Cabernet Sauvignon
Cabernet Franc
Cabernet/Merlot Blend
Malbec
Merlot
Petite Verdot
Pinot Noir
Syrah
Chardonnay
Pinot Grigio

Sauvignon Blanc

Viognier

Fresco Juices Available from Chile:

Cabernet Sauvignon
Carmenere
Merlot
Malbec
Chardonnay
Sauvignon Blanc
Viognier
Chardonnay/Semillon Blend

WINEMAKER SPOTLIGHT INTERVIEW WITH MANUELA ASTABURUAGA:

How did you get started winemaking?

I'm the 5th generation viticulturist in my family so I was born between tanks and vineyards. When we were kids we played hide and seek in the tanks of the winery and we rode a bicycle among the vineyards.

When I finished the school, I decided to study Agriculture because I love the nature and live in the countryside, then in my last year of university I went to Australia to do my first vintage and I loved it. After I started to work with my family and I decided to go to France to do a Master in viticulture and Oenology.

What I love the most about Oenology is that most of the time there is a family tradition behind it. In my case my father founded the company Viña Correa Albano in 1991 but my grandfather, great grandfather, ... also had their own winery Viña Astaburuaga.

Who were your wine mentors?

My mentors where my father and grandfather. My grandfather was one of the first to broker of wine in Chile and one of the first to export wines. We also have photos of the first exportation where you can see the boats with tanks full of wines.

I really don't pay attention to the winemakers. I love to taste different wines from different wineries, valleys and countries, but I never pay attention who was the winemaker, for me is a team job.

Read more at blog.juicegrape.com...



SOUTHERN HEMISPHERE 2017 HARVEST: SOUTH AFRICA

Harvest Information:

With widespread drought conditions continuing in the Western Cape wineries and viticulturists are predicting a much smaller 2018 crop compared to 2017 - and possibly the smallest since 2005. Despite the fact that the 2018 harvest might be much smaller, vineyards are in a very good condition due to frequent rainfall in October and November, as well as cooler weather up to the end of November. Vineyard growth is generally good and there have been no noteworthy occurrences of fungal diseases or pests thus far. All vineyard preparation is completed with only canopy management left to break out excessive leaves to allow optimal filtered light to reach the ripening bunches.

Pinotage:

REEDEKLOOF

The estate we source from in the Breedekloof received the Novare Trophy for South Africa's top wine estate for two consecutive years, as well as the competition's trophy for South Africa's top terroir producer. This wine award honours the wines which truly portray South Africa's different wine growing areas. The competition was created to define the various terroir types of the Cape.

Located in the upper slopes of the Breede River Valley at 820 - 1148ft above sea level, winters are cold with occasional snow until late in Spring. Temperatures during spring are low resulting in slower ripening. Significant temperature variation with warm days ensures good sugar development while the drop in temperature at night preserves the balance of natural acids in the grapes. The grapes coming to the US are planted in deep gravel, stony soil. The Pinotage produced on the estate is intensely perfumed with cedar-toned plums and dark berries, backed by a smooth-textured tannin structure.

OLIFANTSRIVER: PIEKENIERSKLOOF
The mountain vineyards of
Piekenierskloof are known to produce
outstanding grapes. Sourced from 20
year old dryland bush vines at an
altitude of 1969ft, with extreme
temperatures and a mix of sandstone
and shale soils, these elements blend
together to produce a terroir that
guarantees each vintage is an icon in the
making. You can expect varietal
characteristics that include ripe black
plum fruit with violets and black pepper.

Products Available from South Africa:

- **Grape Varieties**: Pinotage, Cabernet Sauvignon
- Juice Varieties: Shiraz, Merlot, Pinotage, Cabernet Sauvignon, Semillon, Chardonnay, Pinot Grigio, Chenin Blanc, Sauvignon Blanc

YEAST SUGGESTIONS

Pinotage: *BM4x4*: A very reliable yeast. It helps increase color and palate length or *D80*: Increases mouthfeel and tannin integration





SOUTHERN HEMISPHERE 2017 HARVEST: SOUTH AFRICA

Cabernet Sauvignon & Syrah:

The Syrah and Cabernet Sauvignon comes from two sought after wards in Stellenbosch, one with sandy soils and gentle slopes cooled by the ocean breeze and the other an enchanting valley with steep north westerly facing slopes.

STELLENBOSCH: POLKADRAAI Polkadraai specifically is known for its solidly structured red varieties. Its powerful yet elegant wines owe in large part to a mesoclimate that's cooler than surrounding areas. The vineyards we source from are graced by the ocean breezes of False Bay to the south and have predominantly sandy soils.

The Cabernet Sauvignon clone is CS163 (of German origin with good production and suited to warmer areas with lower soil potential) and wines produced from these vineyards show elegant tannin structure and fresh acidity with typical rich dark fruit flavours of blackcurrant and black cherry.

The Syrah clone is SH22 (of South African origin selected for good quality and production, also smaller berries). Wines from these vineyards are typically deep ruby colour with vibrant red fruit flavours and varietal spice notes are often expressed as star anise and green peppercorn notes.

STELLENBOSCH: DEVON VALLEY
This boutique estate with vineyards
against the valley slopes has richer
Oakleaf and Tukulu soils and the
benefit of warm ripening
temperatures that come with
vineyards situated in a valley.

The Cabernet Sauvignon clone is CS359 (of South African origin and selected for good quality grapes) and the estate wine from these grapes show classic full ripe Cabernet Sauvignon characteristics of deep red ripe fruit, notes of cassis and delicate mint and eucalyptus characters adding complexity.

The Shiraz clone is SH21 (South African selection selected for good quality grapes and small berries) and vinified grapes produce wine with an intense ruby red, rich concentrated colour and flavours of wild berries and raspberries with hints of pepper.

YEAST SUGGESTIONS

Cabernet Sauvignon: D254: Brings out bright fruit flavors and complexity such as berry, plum, and mild spice.

SPRING BOOTCAMP WINEMAKING CLASSES

Musto Wine Grape Company is pleased to announce the start of our 8 week class for beginner winemakers in the art and science of making wines This course offers each student the opportunity to experience hands-on winemaking and to produce their own five gallons of wine by the end of the semester.

Spring Bootcamp Class Dates: South Africa: April 7th South America: May 19th

Below is a syllabus for this class:

- Introduction to camp, equipment, supplies, sanitizing
- · Measuring and adjusting sugar, PH, acid
- Red wine making step by step
- Nutrients goferm, dap, Fermaid O, Fermaid K
- White wine making step by step
- Yeast selection, rehydration

Male - co inaculation, sequential, post inoculation, measuring

- Measuring and adjusting SO2, basic wine faults
- Storage vessels carboys, tanks, barrel
- •Oak alternatives chips, staves, powder, cubes
- Blending using persons square Making Port
- Tannins types, bench testing, additions
- •Residual sugar adjusting, measuring, sorbate, sterile filtering
- Bottles, corks, labels